



Representability of orderings on the real line: a survey.

Esteban Induráin

InaMat² (Institute for Advanced Materials and Mathematics) and Departamento de Estadística, Informática y Matemáticas. Universidad Pública de Navarra. 31006 Pamplona (SPAIN).

steiner@unavarra.es

Abstract: Can any qualitative scale be converted into an (equivalent) quantitative one? We will introduce here a survey of results concerning the representability of different kind of orderings (qualitative scales, preferences, etc.) into quantitative or numerical ones. From the point of view of Real Analysis, this will correspond to a deep understanding of the axioms of the real line that are related to order. For instance, we may wonder which totally ordered sets (X, \preceq) are order-isomorphic to a subset of \mathbb{R} (endowed with the usual order \leq). Apart from total orders, we will pay attention to some other classical ordered structures as complete preorders, interval orders and semiorders, commenting the key results about their numerical representability, that have been obtained in recent past years. Miscellaneous applications (e.g.. utility functions in Economics) will also been discussed.

References

- Beardon A.F., Candeal J.C., Herden G., Induráin E., Mehta G.B.: The non-existence of a utility function and the structure of non-representable preference relations. Journal of Mathematical Economics 37, 17-38 (2002).
- [2] Bridges D.S., Mehta G.B.: Representations of Preference Orderings, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1995.
- [3] Debreu G.: Continuity properties of Paretian utility. International Economic Review 5, 285-293 (1964).
- [4] Mehta G.B.: Preference and utility. In: Barberà S., Hammond P., Seidl C. (eds) Handbook of utility theory, vol. 1. Kluwer Academic Publishers pp. 1-47.

Acknowledgement This work has been partially supported by the research project whose reference is PID2022-1366274NB-I00 from the Ministry of Science and Innovation of Spain.